

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09/831,899 05/24/2001 Gerard Reynaud 208822US6XPC 3169 EXAMINER 22850 7590 12/24/2003 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. EREZO, DARWIN P 1940 DUKE STREET ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314

3761

DATE MAILED: 12/24/2003

16

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Angliand(a)
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	09/831,899	REYNAUD, GERARD
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Darwin P. Erezo	3761
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated to the second of the second of the second of the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thir od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24	October 2003.	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Th	nis action is non-final.	•
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde		
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 10-24 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 10-24 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.	
Application Papers	·	
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami 10) The drawing(s) filed on 24 May 2001 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corrupt The oath or declaration is objected to by the	a) accepted or b) dobject he drawing(s) be held in abeyar ection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	ing adams and a OF LLO O	0.440(-). (-1) (0.
12) △ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. ☒ Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume * See the attached detailed Office action for a li 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language [14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome reference was included in the first sentence of	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). ist of the certified copies not estic priority under 35 U.S.C. first sentence of the specific provisional application has b estic priority under 35 U.S.C.	received in this National Stage received. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) ation or in an Application Data Sheet. een received. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific
	·	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	5) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Art Unit: 3761

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout for the specification of a utility application. These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

As provided in 37 CFR 1.77(b), the specification of a utility application should include the following sections in order. Each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underlining or bold type, as a section heading. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) TITLE OF THE INVENTION.
- (b) CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS.
- (c) STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT.
- (d) INCORPORATION-BY-REFERENCE OF MATERIAL SUBMITTED ON A COMPACT DISC (See 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5) and MPEP 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text are permitted to be submitted on compact discs.) or REFERENCE TO A "MICROFICHE APPENDIX" (See MPEP § 608.05(a).
 - "Microfiche Appendices" were accepted by the Office until March 1, 2001.)
- (e) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
 - (1) Field of the Invention.
 - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.
- (g) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWING(S).
- (h) DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION.
- (i) CLAIM OR CLAIMS (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) SEQUENCE LISTING (See MPEP § 2424 and 37 CFR 1.821-1.825. A "Sequence Listing" is required on paper if the application discloses a nucleotide or amino acid sequence as defined in 37 CFR 1.821(a) and if the required "Sequence Listing" is not submitted as an electronic document on compact disc).

Drawings

2. Figure 1 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 14, 17-20, 23 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by US 4,718,415 to Bolnberger et al.

Bolnberger teaches a mask having a flexible cap 1; an exhalation port 4 pierced through the cap; a first microphone capsule 13 positioned above the exhalation port; a tubular mouth-piece 9, 14 extending from a first distal end disposed adjacent the flexible cap to a second distal end projecting away from the flexible cap, the first microphone capsule mounted at the first distal end of the tubular mouthpiece (the part of 9 closes to the mouth-piece), the second distal end of the mouthpiece disposed away from the microphone capsule and defining aperture turned away from the flexible cap (see Fig. 3); a cable 19 connected to the microphone capsule; wherein Bolnberger the mouthpiece 9,14 (as seen in Fig. 8) is larger than the opening facing the microphone;

Art Unit: 3761

wherein the microphone capsule has an acoustic chamber having a plurality of holes 23 with a high pass filtering capability of about 50-4000 Hz; a body 3 mounted on the flexible cap and an arm 2 extending from the body; wherein the aperture is turned towards a center of a location at which the user 's mouth is adapted to be positioned.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 10 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 4,718,415 to Bolnberger et al.
- As to claim 10, Bolnberger is silent with regards to an elliptical mouthpiece. However, at the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use an elliptical aperture because Applicant has not disclosed that an elliptical aperture provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with either the aperture of Bolnberger or the claimed elliptical aperture because both type of aperture perform the same function.

Therefore, it would have been obvious matter of design choice to modify Bolnberger to obtain the invention as specified in claim 10.

- 8. As to claim 16, Bolnberger discloses the claimed invention except for the mask further comprising a second microphone capsule. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add a second microphone capsule, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co.*, 193 USPQ 8.
- 9. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 4,718,415 to Bolnberger et al. in view of US 5,503,141 to Bolnberger et al.
- 10. Bolnberger is silent with regards to the mouth-piece having a metal lattice acoustic screen positioned in the aperture. Bolnberger discloses a mask having a cloth acoustic screen 32 positioned in a mouth-piece aperture. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use an acoustic screen in the device of Bolnberger because it protects the microphone capsule from moisture, dust and the like (Bolnberger; col. 5, lines 3-5). Furthermore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use a metal lattice screen because Applicant has not disclosed how the metal lattice screen provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with either the cloth screen of Bolnberger or the claimed metal lattice screen because both screens perform the same function.

Art Unit: 3761

- 11. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 4,718,415 to Bolnberger et al. in view of US 4,961,420 to Cappa et al.
- 12. Bolnberger teaches all the limitations of the claims except for a mask further comprising a baffle fixedly joined to the flexible cap and positioned between the microphone capsule and the exhalation port. Cappa teaches a baffle **40** attached to a cap and positioned above an exhalation port. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add the baffle of Cappa in the device of Bolnberger in order to prevent expired air from penetrating the upper portions of the mask (col. 7, lines 36-43).
- 13. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 4,718,415 to Bolnberger et al. in view of US 3,910,269 to Ansite et al.
- 14. Bolnberger teaches all the limitations of the claim except for a mask further comprising plural catches joined to the flexible cap and mounted substantially perpendicular to an external face of the flexible cap. Ansite teaches a mask having plural catches 53 joined to a flexible cap and mounted substantially perpendicular to an external face of the flexible cap. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add the plural catches of Ansite to the mask of Bolnberger because it allows the user to use straps to further secure the mask on the user's head.

Application/Control Number: 09/831,899

Art Unit: 3761

15. Claims 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

Page 7

over US 4,718,415 to Bolnberger et al. in view of US 3,314,424 to Berman.

16. Bolnberger is silent with regards to the device having an adjustable mouthpiece.

Berman teaches a mask having a microphone mounted on an adjustable mouth-piece

(via element 44) that is capable of varying from 10-18 mm. Therefore, it would have

been obvious to modify the device of Bolnberger to include the adjustable means of

Berman because it allows the user to move the mouth-piece directly in front of the

user's mouth.

Response to Amendment

17. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last

Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Response to Arguments

18. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 10-24 have been considered but are

moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

19. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in

this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37

CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Darwin P. Erezo whose telephone number is (703) 605-0420. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30-5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Weilun Lo can be reached on (703) 308-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9302.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0858.

dpe

WEILUN LO SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700